

Product Name **NOXYDE**

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name SUPERIOR COATINGS AUSTRALIA
Address Factory 6, 15 Nicole Close, Bayswater North, Victoria, AUSTRALIA, 3153
Telephone + 61 3 9761 7331
Fax + 61 3 9761 7337
Emergency + 61 3 9761 7331
Email sales@superiorcoatings.com.au
Web Site http://www.superiorcoatings.com.au/
Synonym(s) SUPERIOR COATINGS NOXYDE
Use(s) COATING
SDS Date 22 Dec 2010

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. None Allocated **DG Class** None Allocated **Subsidiary Risk(s)** None Allocated
Packing Group None Allocated **Hazchem Code** None Allocated

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
LIMESTONE	Ca-CO3	1317-65-3	<10%
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ti-O2	13463-67-7	<10%
TALC	H2-03-Si.3/4Mg	14807-96-6	<5%
BUTYL ACRYLATE - STYRENE COPOLYMER	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
WATER	H2O	7732-18-5	Not Available

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability	Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
Fire and Explosion	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing	Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.
Hazchem Code	None Allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage	Use personal protective equipment. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbant material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. CAUTION: Spill site may be slippery.
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7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems. Also store removed from alkalis.
Handling	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Stds

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Calcium carbonate	SWA (AUS)	--	10 mg/m ³	--	--
Talc (no asbestos fibres)	SWA (AUS)	--	2.5 mg/m ³	--	--
Titanium dioxide (a)	SWA (AUS)	--	10 mg/m ³	--	--

BUTYL ACRYLATE - STYRENE COPOLYMER

ES-STEL : 100 ppm (Styrene monomer)

Biological Limits	No biological limit allocated.
Engineering Controls	Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.
PPE	Wear splash-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear: coveralls. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	LIQUID	Solubility (water)	SOLUBLE
Odour	AMMONIA ODOUR	Specific Gravity	1.26
pH	NOT AVAILABLE	% Volatiles	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT RELEVANT
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT RELEVANT
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to Avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to Avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents and acids (eg. nitric acid). Also incompatible with alkalis (eg. sodium hydroxide).
Hazardous Decomposition Products	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary	Low toxicity - low irritant. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. This product may contain trace amounts of residual acrylic and styrene monomers, however due to the very low levels present, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use.
Eye	Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.
Inhalation	Low irritant. Over exposure to vapours may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in dizziness, nausea and headache. Due to the low vapour pressure, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated with normal use.
Skin	Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and dermatitis.
Ingestion	Low toxicity. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache and diarrhoea.
Toxicity Data	TITANIUM DIOXIDE (13463-67-7) Carcinogenicity: Possible human carcinogen (IARC Group 2B) TCLo (Inhalation): 250 mg/m ³ /6 hours (rat) TALC (14807-96-6) TCLo (Inhalation): 18 mg/m ³ /6 hour/2 year-intermittent (rat)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment	Limited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared. Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.
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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal	For small amounts absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information if larger amounts are involved. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.
Legislation	Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	None Allocated			
UN No.	None Allocated	DG Class	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated
Packing Group	None Allocated	Hazchem Code	None Allocated	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule	A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).
AICS	All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information	This product also contains zinc phosphate silicate hydrate. ACRYLIC - WATER BASED COMPOUNDS: It should be noted that most water based paints and acrylic or thermoplastic resins may contain small percentage of solvents, usually less than 5%. The solvent is used as a dispersion agent for the resin of choice. This solvent component may present potential respiratory hazards only in poorly ventilated areas or when sprayed. Those individuals with existing skin disorders should avoid direct contact.
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WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (eg. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

STYRENE-ACRYLIC RESINS: These polymeric materials may contain traces of styrene monomer. Over exposure to styrene monomer may result in styrene sickness. Chronic exposure is reported to cause nerve damage-peripheral neuropathy. Styrene is reported to cause reproductive abnormalities and teratogenicity in experimental animals. Styrene is classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2B), however due to the very low concentrations present, adverse health effects are not anticipated.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.

ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

mg/m³ - Milligrams per Cubic Metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

SWA - Safe Work Australia.

TWA - Time Weighted Average.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Report Status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared By

Risk Management Technologies
5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth
Western Australia 6005
Phone: +61 8 9322 1711
Fax: +61 8 9322 1794
Email: info@rmt.com.au
Web: www.rmt.com.au

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SDS Date 22 Dec 2010

End of Report